# OHRP Research Community Forum 2013 "Planning for the Unexpected: Employees As Research Participants"

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Barbara Higgins
Research Education and Process
Improvement

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### Regulations and Guidance

- · No explicit protections for employees as research subjects
- Investigators implement additional safeguards to protect welfare vulnerable participants
- 45 CFR 46 supplemental regulations for some vulnerable populations, including children, prisoners and pregnant women
- OHRP IRB Handbook: Chapter VI, Special Classes
   -includes employees with other
   vulnerable pops as "special
   classes"

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### Regulations and Guidance

- "An investigator shall seek such consent only under circumstances that provide the prospective subject or representative sufficient opportunity to consider whether or not to participate and that minimize the possibility of coercion or undue influence." 45 CFR 46.116
- Are coercion and undue influence concerns for employees who serve as research participants?

### Scenarios

### Scenario 1:

- A research employee, Ted, contacted via email by Dr. Smith
- · No reporting relationship, joint work
- Minimal risk, blood/sputum samples, healthy volunteers
- Few more participants, enough data for grant
- · Consent process lacking
- · Ted presumed to be knowledgeable
- Ted realizes he has provided workmates access to his medical records for next 5+ years



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# **Scenarios**

### Scenario 2:

- Research lab staff providing samples for research purposes without consent
- "testing method"; Normal, expected practice in labs everywhere, considered being part of scientific community

### Scenario 3

- A research nurse asked to consent and provide samples for three minimal risk studies during her first week on the job
- "Everyone working here is enrolled in these studies"

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### **Scenarios**

### Scenario 4:

- Routine QA audit of consent noted:
- participant a new employee/trainee
- consent provider direct supervisor/preceptor
- witness another manager within department
- PI not involved in consent process but department chief and physician staff work with most
- Most of department staff were participants, similar consent procedures



### Scenarios

- Tragic death Ellen Roche at John Hopkins in 2001
- 23 year old healthy volunteer in asthma study
- Inhaling chemical to monitor lung response
- · ARDS and died
- Investigative committee identified institutional issues, such as IRB, PI, protocol deficiencies, which have been addressed
- "Institutional culture made tragic outcome more likely", "culture of possible coercion"



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### **Scenarios**

- Employee, lab technician at the Asthma Center
- Received \$365 and time off during the workday
- Most study participants were employees
- Ellen participated in many previous asthma center studies

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# Coercion and Undue Influence

 Are coercion and undue influence concerns when employees serve as research participants? Let's discuss these terms



### Coercion

- An overt or implicit threat of harm intentionally presented by one person to another in order to obtain compliance. DDHS
- Example: consent provider implies refusing to enroll will lead to a poor performance evaluation
- · Coercion may be more subtle
- Employee may enroll in study due to fear of retribution when workplace culture encourages staff to participate



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### Coercion

- Those who decline seen as outsiders, uncooperative, not part of scientific community, not committed to departmental success
- Employee-employer relationship = power imbalance; can create employee perception coercion, even if researchers well intentioned

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### **Undue Influence**

- an offer of an excessive or inappropriate reward or other overture in order to obtain compliance.
- Example: offering extra time away from work to join a research study, preferred work schedules or better work assignments
- Employees may enroll to gain favor and please supervisors, admin. or and physicians
- Hope in return for enrolling, job perks



### Voluntariness

- Central tenet research ethics is potential participants *must* feel free to decline!
- Employees dependent on employers
- Power imbalance may interfere with employee's capacity to act freely



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# Confidentiality

- Employees may be at greater risk for loss of privacy and confidentiality when research involves collecting PHI or other sensitive information
- When workplace and research setting also the health system where the employee receives medical care, risk heightened



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# Policy

 Aim: avoid coercion and undue influence while promoting voluntariness and confidentiality for employee-participants



### **Policy**

- · Beaumont employees are vulnerable.
- -additional safeguards when they are included in research
- -IRB submission indicates if employees included
- -recruitment activities, incentives/compensation reviewed
- Under no circumstances may researchers coerce or unduly influence an employee to participate
- Researchers must ensure employees understand participation is not required and refusal will not affect employment

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### **Policy**

- An employee may not be required to participate in research as a condition of employment
- Employees may not be directly solicited (by phone, email or in person) by a member of their current department, a peer, an administrator, or medical director
- IRB-approved posters preferred recruitment means

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### **Policy**

- Studies both non-therapeutic and > minimal risk: employees who report directly to PI (or whose supervisor reports directly to the PI) may not participate
- Researchers and staff may not consent individuals who report directly to them. If an employee requests information, researchers can provide objectively, 3<sup>rd</sup> party must conduct informed consent
- Recruitment and research activities should not be conducted with supervisor or peers present. Supervisors and peers should not be informed about whether or not an employee joins a study

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### **Policy**

- When supervisors or administrators are part of research team, they should review aggregate data stripped of identifiers
- Participant's status as an employee and special precautions must be documented in the consent process note.
   -inquire relationships with research team, emphasize voluntary nature of participation, no effect on employment

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### Not Included in Policy

- Do not prohibit employee participation in Beaumont research -interfere with personal autonomy and deny employees potential benefit
- -fairness of risk distribution and impact public's trust
- Do not require investigators to keep a list of employeeparticipants
- -CDC requirement-supplied to IRB to facilitate interviews of participants for investigations of alleged coercion
- -privacy and confidentiality concern

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# Questions Thank you for your attention! Beaumont Research Institute